



Snowflake

Exam Questions SnowPro-Core

SnowPro Core Certification Exam

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NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: A third-party tool that supports standard JDBC or ODBC but has no Snowflake-specific driver will be unable to connect to Snowflake.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/jdbc.html>

Snowflake provides a JDBC type 4 driver that supports core JDBC functionality. The JDBC driver must be installed in a 64-bit environment and requires Java 1.8 (or higher). The driver can be used with most client tools/applications that support JDBC for connecting to a database server.

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: When active, a pipe requires a dedicated Virtual Warehouse to execute.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: Snowflake bills for a minimum of five minutes each time a Virtual Warehouse is started.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/credits.html>

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 1)

The FLATEEN function is used to query which type of data in Snowflake?

- A. Structured data
- B. Semi-structured data
- C. Both of the above
- D. None of the above

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/querying-semistructured.html>

FLATTEN is used to unnest semi-structured data. Don't see an application for structured data as by definition it shouldn't be nested.

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following best describes where Snowflake's metadata is stored?

- A. Within the data files
- B. Inside the Virtual Warehouses
- C. In the Cloud Services Layer
- D. within the drivers

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 1)

Why would a customer size a Virtual Warehouse from an X-Small to a Medium?

- A. To accommodate more queries
- B. To accommodate more users
- C. To accommodate fluctuations in workload
- D. To accommodate a more complex workload

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-considerations.html>

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: A single database can exist in more than one Snowflake account.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/ddl-database.html>

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following statements are true of Snowflake data loading? Choose 3 answers

- A. VARIANT "nut" values are not the same as SQL Null values
- B. It is recommended to do frequent, single row DMLS
- C. It is recommended to validate the data before loading into the Snowflake target table
- D. It is recommended to use staging tables to manage MERGE statements

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: Some queries can be answered through the metadata cache and do not require an active Virtual Warehouse.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:

Some aggregate queries are answered thru micro partitions metadata only not requiring any VW spin ups.

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which statements are true of micro-partitions? Choose 2 answers

- A. They are approximately 16MB in size
- B. They are stored compressed only if COMPRESS=TRUE on Table
- C. They are Immutable
- D. They are only encrypted in the Enterprise edition and above

Answer: AC

Explanation:

Reference: <https://medium.com/weareservian/seeing-snow-for-the-first-time-snowflake-adventures-part-1-731ddc983c69>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which statement best describes "clustering"?

- A. Clustering represents the way data is grouped together and stored within snowflake's micro-partitions
- B. The database administrator must define the clustering methodology for each Snowflake table.
- C. The clustering key must be included on the COPV command when loading data into Snowflake.
- D. Clustering can be disabled within a Snowflake account.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-micropartitions.html>

NEW QUESTION 15

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following objects is not covered by Time Travel?

- A. Tables
- B. Schemas
- C. Databases
- D. Stages

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-time-travel.html>

NEW QUESTION 18

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: Data in Fail-safe can be deleted by a user or the Snowflake team before it expires.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://blog.knoldus.com/ksnow-time-travel-and-fail-safe-in-snowflake/>

NEW QUESTION 20

- (Exam Topic 1)

A role is created and owns 2 tables. This role is then dropped. Who will now own the two tables?

- A. The tables are now orphaned
- B. The user that deleted the role
- C. SYSADMIN
- D. The assumed role that dropped the role

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/drop-role.html>

NEW QUESTION 22

- (Exam Topic 1)

What are the three layers that make up Snowflake's architecture? Choose 3 answer

- A. Compute
- B. Tri-Secret Secure
- C. Storage
- D. Cloud Services

Answer: ACD

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/intro-key-concepts.html>

NEW QUESTION 24

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is the recommended method for loading data into Snowflake?

- A. Load row by row
- B. Load data in batch
- C. Load data by writing it In the Snowflake Web Interface (UI)
- D. Load data via frequent, angle row DML's

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 25

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: An active warehouse is required to run a COPY INTO statement.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 30

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: Snowflake's Global Services Layer gathers and maintains statistics on all columns in all micro-partitions.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:

Snowflake is a single, integrated platform delivered as-a-service. It features storage, compute, and global services layers that are physically separated but logically integrated.

NEW QUESTION 32

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: It is possible to load data into Snowflake without creating a named File Format object.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-external-tutorial-create-file-format.html>

NEW QUESTION 34

- (Exam Topic 1)

When scaling out by adding clusters to a multi-cluster warehouse, you are primarily scaling for improved:

- A. Concurrency
- B. Performance

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-multiclust.html>

NEW QUESTION 39

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is the recommended Snowflake data type to store semi-structured data like JSON?

- A. VARCHAR
- B. RAW
- C. LOB
- D. VARIANT

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/data-types-semistructured.html>

NEW QUESTION 43

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following commands sets the Virtual Warehouse for a session?

- A. COPT WAREHOUSE FROM <<Config file> ;
- B. SET warehouse = <<warehouse name>>;
- C. USE WAREHOUSE <<warehouse name>>;
- D. USE VIRTUAL_WAREHOUSE <<warehouse name>>;

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-tasks.html>

NEW QUESTION 47

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: You can resize a Virtual Warehouse while queries are running.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-tasks.html>

NEW QUESTION 51

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: Bulk unloading of data from Snowflake supports the use of a SELECT statement.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide-data-unload.html>

NEW QUESTION 55

- (Exam Topic 1)

Increasing the maximum number of clusters in a Multi-Cluster Warehouse is an example of:

- A. Scaling rhythmically
- B. Scaling max
- C. Scaling out
- D. Scaling Up

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-considerations.html#scaling-up-vs-scaling-out>
"Scale out by adding warehouses to a multi-cluster warehouse"

NEW QUESTION 59

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: When you create a custom role, it is a practice to immediately grant that role to ACCOUNTADMIN.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 63

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: Snowpipe via RFST API can only reference External Stages as source.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://community.snowflake.com/s/article/Making-Transient-table-by-Default>

NEW QUESTION 65

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: You can define multiple columns within a clustering key on a table.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-keys.html>

NEW QUESTION 70

- (Exam Topic 1)

Snowflake recommends, as a minimize, that all users with the following roles(s) should be enrolled in Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA):
Select one:

- A. SECURITYADMIN, ACCOUNTADMIN, PUBLIC, SYSADMIN
- B. SECURITYADMIN ACCOUNTADMIN, SYSADMIN
- C. SECURITYADMIN, ACCOUNTADMIN
- D. ACCOUNTADMIN

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-mfa.html>

NEW QUESTION 73

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: Query ID's are unique across all Snowflake deployments and can be used in communication with Snowflake Support to help troubleshoot issues.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 76

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: Data Providers can share data with only the Data Consumer.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 81

- (Exam Topic 1)

The number of queries that a Virtual Warehouse can concurrently process is determined by: Choose 2 answers

- A. The complexity of each query
- B. The CONCURRENT_QUERY_UMIT parameter set on the Snowflake account
- C. The size of the data required for each query
- D. The tool that s executing the query

Answer: AC

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-overview.html>

NEW QUESTION 82

- (Exam Topic 1)

True or False: When Snowflake is configured to use Single Sign-on (sso), Snowflake receive the usernames and credentials from the sso service and loads them into the customer's Snowflake account.

- A. True
- B. false:

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/admin-security-fed-auth-configure-snowflake.html>

NEW QUESTION 86

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is the maximum compressed row size in Snowflake?

- A. 8KB
- B. 16MB
- C. 50MB
- D. 4000GB

Answer: B

Explanation:

MAX size for compressed data for semi-structured data type is also 16 MB. That means if our table has a semi-structured data type column with 16MB data other columns will have NULL data.

NEW QUESTION 90

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is the minimum Snowflake edition that customers planning on storing protected information in Snowflake should consider for regulatory compliance?

- A. Standard
- B. Premier
- C. Enterprise
- D. Business Critical Edition

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/intro-editions.html>

NEW QUESTION 92

- (Exam Topic 2)

Where would a Snowflake user find information about query activity from 90 days ago?

- A. Account___usage . query history view
- B. account___usage.query___history___archive View
- C. information___schema . cruery_history view
- D. information___schema - query history_by_ses s i on view

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 93

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following are benefits of micro-partitioning? (Select TWO)

- A. Micro-partitions cannot overlap in their range of values
- B. Micro-partitions are immutable objects that support the use of Time Travel.
- C. Micro-partitions can reduce the amount of I/O from object storage to virtual warehouses
- D. Rows are automatically stored in sorted order within micro-partitions
- E. Micro-partitions can be defined on a schema-by-schema basis

Answer: AD

Explanation:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-micropartitions.html>

NEW QUESTION 98

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following is a valid source for an external stage when the Snowflake account is located on Microsoft Azure?

- A. An FTP server with TLS encryption
- B. An HTTPS server with WebDAV
- C. A Google Cloud storage bucket
- D. A Windows server file share on Azure

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 100

- (Exam Topic 2)

During periods of warehouse contention which parameter controls the maximum length of time a warehouse will hold a query for processing?

- A. STATEMENT_TIMEOUT_IN_SECONDS
- B. STATEMENT_QUEUED_TIMEOUT_IN_SECONDS
- C. MAX_CONCURRENCY_LEVEL
- D. QUERY_TIMEOUT_IN_SECONDS

Answer: B

Explanation:

The parameter STATEMENT_QUEUED_TIMEOUT_IN_SECONDS

sets the limit for a query to wait in

the queue in order to get its chance of running on the warehouse. The query will quit after reaching this limit. By default, the value of this parameter is 0 which mean the queries will wait indefinitely in the waiting queue

<https://community.snowflake.com/s/article/Warehouse-Concurrency-and-Statement-Timeout-Parameters#:~:text=>

NEW QUESTION 102

- (Exam Topic 2)

A marketing co-worker has requested the ability to change a warehouse size on their medium virtual warehouse called mktg__WH.

Which of the following statements will accommodate this request?

- A. ALLOW RESIZE ON WAREHOUSE MKTG__WH TO USER MKTG__LEAD;
- B. GRANT MODIFY ON WAREHOUSE MKTG WH TO ROLE MARKETING;
- C. GRANT MODIFY ON WAREHOUSE MKTG__WH TO USER MKTG__LEAD;
- D. GRANT OPERATE ON WAREHOUSE MKTG WH TO ROLE MARKETING;

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 105

- (Exam Topic 2)

What happens when a cloned table is replicated to a secondary database? (Select TWO)

- A. A read-only copy of the cloned tables is stored.
- B. The replication will not be successful.
- C. The physical data is replicated
- D. Additional costs for storage are charged to a secondary account
- E. Metadata pointers to cloned tables are replicated

Answer: CD

Explanation:

Cloned objects are replicated physically rather than logically to secondary databases. That is, cloned tables in a standard database do not contribute to the overall data storage unless or until DML operations on the clone add to or modify existing data. However, when a cloned table is replicated to a secondary database, the physical data is also replicated, increasing the data storage usage for your account.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/database-replication-considerations.html#:~:text=Replication%20and>

NEW QUESTION 110

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a machine learning and data science partner within the Snowflake Partner Ecosystem?

- A. Informatica
- B. Power BI
- C. Adobe
- D. Data Robot

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/ecosystem-analytics.html>

NEW QUESTION 112

- (Exam Topic 2)

What feature can be used to reorganize a very large table on one or more columns?

- A. Micro-partitions
- B. Clustering keys
- C. Key partitions
- D. Clustered partitions

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-keys.html>

NEW QUESTION 114

- (Exam Topic 2)

A user has 10 files in a stage containing new customer data. The ingest operation completes with no errors, using the following command:

```
COPY INTO my__table FROM @my__stage;
```

The next day the user adds 10 files to the stage so that now the stage contains a mixture of new customer data and updates to the previous data. The user did not remove the 10 original files.

If the user runs the same copy into command what will happen?

- A. All data from all of the files on the stage will be appended to the table
- B. Only data about new customers from the new files will be appended to the table
- C. The operation will fail with the error uncertain files in stage.
- D. All data from only the newly-added files will be appended to the table.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 115

- (Exam Topic 2)

When reviewing the load for a warehouse using the load monitoring chart, the chart indicates that a high volume of Queries are always queuing in the warehouse According to recommended best practice, what should be done to reduce the Queue volume? (Select TWO).

- A. Use multi-clustered warehousing to scale out warehouse capacity.
- B. Scale up the warehouse size to allow Queries to execute faster.
- C. Stop and start the warehouse to clear the queued queries
- D. Migrate some queries to a new warehouse to reduce load
- E. Limit user access to the warehouse so fewer queries are run against it.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 119

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a responsibility of Snowflake's virtual warehouses?

- A. Infrastructure management
- B. Metadata management
- C. Query execution
- D. Query parsing and optimization
- E. Management of the storage layer

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 121

- (Exam Topic 2)

The fail-safe retention period is how many days?

- A. 1 day
- B. 7 days
- C. 45 days
- D. 90 days

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-failsafe.html>

NEW QUESTION 122

- (Exam Topic 2)

What features does Snowflake Time Travel enable?

- A. Querying data-related objects that were created within the past 365 days
- B. Restoring data-related objects that have been deleted within the past 90 days
- C. Conducting point-in-time analysis for BI reporting
- D. Analyzing data usage/manipulation over all periods of time

Answer: B

Explanation:

Snowflake Time Travel enables accessing historical data (i.e. data that has been changed or deleted) at any point within a defined period. It serves as a powerful tool for performing the following tasks:

- Restoring data-related objects (tables, schemas, and databases) that might have been accidentally or intentionally deleted.
- Duplicating and backing up data from key points in the past.
- Analyzing data usage/manipulation over specified periods of time.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-time-travel.html>

NEW QUESTION 127

- (Exam Topic 2)

In which use cases does Snowflake apply egress charges?

- A. Data sharing within a specific region
- B. Query result retrieval
- C. Database replication
- D. Loading data into Snowflake

Answer: A

Explanation:

Cloud providers apply data egress charges in either of the following use cases:

- Data is transferred from one region to another within the same cloud platform.
- Data is transferred out of the cloud platform.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/billing-data-transfer.html#:~:text=Cloud%20providers%20apply%20d>

NEW QUESTION 131

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the purpose of an External Function?

- A. To call code that executes outside of Snowflake
- B. To run a function in another Snowflake database
- C. To share data in Snowflake with external parties
- D. To ingest data from on-premises data sources

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/external-functions.html>

NEW QUESTION 132

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following conditions must be met in order to return results from the results cache? (Select TWO).

- A. The user has the appropriate privileges on the objects associated with the query
- B. Micro-partitions have been reclustered since the query was last run
- C. The new query is run using the same virtual warehouse as the previous query
- D. The query includes a User Defined Function (UDF)
- E. The query has been run within 24 hours of the previously-run query

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 135

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which command is used to unload data from a Snowflake table into a file in a stage?

- A. COPY INTO
- B. GET
- C. WRITE
- D. EXTRACT INTO

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-unload-snowflake.html#:~:text=Your%20User%20Stage-,Use%2>

NEW QUESTION 139

- (Exam Topic 2)

How long is Snowpipe data load history retained?

- A. As configured in the create pipe settings
- B. Until the pipe is dropped
- C. 64 days
- D. 14 days

Answer: C

Explanation:

Bulk data load

Stored in the metadata of the target table for 64 days. Available upon completion of the COPY statement as the statement output.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-snowpipe-intro.html#:~:text=Load%20History,-Bulk%20da>

NEW QUESTION 142

- (Exam Topic 2)

A user has unloaded data from Snowflake to a stage

Which SQL command should be used to validate which data was loaded into the stage?

- A. list @file__stage
- B. show @file__stage
- C. view @file__stage
- D. verify @file__stage

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 147

- (Exam Topic 2)

What happens when a virtual warehouse is resized?

- A. When increasing the size of an active warehouse the compute resource for all running and queued queries on the warehouse are affected
- B. When reducing the size of a warehouse the compute resources are removed only when they are no longer being used to execute any current statements.
- C. The warehouse will be suspended while the new compute resource is provisioned and will resume automatically once provisioning is complete.
- D. Users who are trying to use the warehouse will receive an error message until the resizing is complete

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 149

- (Exam Topic 2)

What SQL command would be used to view all roles that were granted to user.1?

- A. show grants to user USER1;
- B. show grants of user USER1;
- C. describe user USER1;
- D. show grants on user USER1;

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 151

- (Exam Topic 2)

What data is stored in the Snowflake storage layer? (Select TWO).

- A. Snowflake parameters
- B. Micro-partitions
- C. Query history
- D. Persisted query results
- E. Standard and secure view results

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 153

- (Exam Topic 2)

What are the default Time Travel and Fail-safe retention periods for transient tables?

- A. Time Travel - 1 da
- B. Fail-safe - 1 day
- C. Time Travel - 0 day
- D. Fail-safe - 1 day
- E. Time Travel - 1 da
- F. Fail-safe - 0 days
- G. Transient tables are retained in neither Fail-safe nor Time Travel

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-cdp-storage-costs.html#:~:text=Temporary%20and%20Transient>

NEW QUESTION 158

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which command can be used to stage local files from which Snowflake interface?

- A. SnowSQL

- B. Snowflake classic web interface (UI)
- C. Snowsight
- D. .NET driver

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/snowsql-use.html>

NEW QUESTION 162

- (Exam Topic 2)

What Snowflake role must be granted for a user to create and manage accounts?

- A. ACCOUNTADMIN
- B. ORGADMIN
- C. SECURITYADMIN
- D. SYSADMIN

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-access-control-considerations.html>

NEW QUESTION 166

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following compute resources or features are managed by Snowflake? (Select TWO).

- A. Execute a COPY command
- B. Updating data
- C. Snowpipe
- D. AUTOMATIC__CLUSTERING
- E. Scaling up a warehouse

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 171

- (Exam Topic 2)

True or False: When you create a custom role, it is a best practice to immediately grant that role to ACCOUNTADMIN.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-access-control-considerations.html>

NEW QUESTION 173

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which Snowflake partner specializes in data catalog solutions?

- A. Alation
- B. DataRobot
- C. dbt
- D. Tableau

Answer: A

Explanation:

Alation provides Data Cataloging functionality. They state they are the 'One Place to Find, Understand, & Govern Data Across an Enterprise.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/ecosystem-all.html>

NEW QUESTION 176

- (Exam Topic 2)

A company strongly encourages all Snowflake users to self-enroll in Snowflake's default Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) service to provide increased login security for users connecting to Snowflake.

Which application will the Snowflake users need to install on their devices in order to connect with MFA?

- A. Okta Verify
- B. Duo Mobile
- C. Microsoft Authenticator
- D. Google Authenticator

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-mfa.html>

NEW QUESTION 179

- (Exam Topic 2)

What are value types that a VARIANT column can store? (Select TWO)

- A. STRUCT
- B. OBJECT
- C. BINARY
- D. ARRAY
- E. CLOB

Answer: BD

Explanation:

Characteristics of a VARIANT

A VARIANT can store a value of any other type, including OBJECT and ARRAY. The maximum length of a VARIANT is 16 MB.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/data-types-semistructured.html#:~:text=VARIANT-,Characteristics>

NEW QUESTION 182

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which data type can be used to store geospatial data in Snowflake?

- A. Variant
- B. Object
- C. Geometry
- D. Geography

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/data-types-geospatial.html#:~:text=have%20SRID%3D4326.-,Geos>

NEW QUESTION 185

- (Exam Topic 2)

What transformations are supported in a CREATE PIPE ... AS COPY ... FROM (....) statement? (Select TWO.)

- A. Data can be filtered by an optional where clause
- B. Incoming data can be joined with other tables
- C. Columns can be reordered
- D. Columns can be omitted
- E. Row level access can be defined

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 186

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which command should be used to load data from a file, located in an external stage, into a table in Snowflake?

- A. INSERT
- B. PUT
- C. GET
- D. COPY

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 191

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following is an example of an operation that can be completed without requiring compute, assuming no queries have been executed previously?

- A. SELECT SUM (ORDER_AMT) FROM SALES;
- B. SELECT AVG(ORDER_QTY) FROM SALES;
- C. SELECT MIN(ORDER_AMT) FROM SALES;
- D. SELECT ORDER_AMT * ORDER_QTY FROM SALES;

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 194

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the recommended compressed file size range for continuous data loads using Snowpipe?

- A. 8-16 MB
- B. 16-24 MB
- C. 10-99 MB
- D. 100-250 MB

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 196

- (Exam Topic 3)

A user is preparing to load data from an external stage

Which practice will provide the MOST efficient loading performance?

- A. Organize files into logical paths
- B. Store the files on the external stage to ensure caching is maintained
- C. Use pattern matching for regular expression execution
- D. Load the data in one large file

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 201

- (Exam Topic 3)

What happens to the shared objects for users in a consumer account from a share, once a database has been created in that account?

- A. The shared objects are transferred.
- B. The shared objects are copied.
- C. The shared objects become accessible.
- D. The shared objects can be re-shared.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 204

- (Exam Topic 3)

Snowflake supports the use of external stages with which cloud platforms? (Choose three.)

- A. Amazon Web Services
- B. Docker
- C. IBM Cloud
- D. Microsoft Azure Cloud
- E. Google Cloud Platform
- F. Oracle Cloud

Answer: BDE

NEW QUESTION 208

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the maximum Time Travel retention period for a temporary Snowflake table?

- A. 90 days
- B. 1 day
- C. 7 days
- D. 45 days

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 211

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following activities consume virtual warehouse credits in the Snowflake environment? (Choose two.)

- A. Caching query results
- B. Running EXPLAIN and SHOW commands
- C. Cloning a database
- D. Running a custom query
- E. Running COPY commands

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 216

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following is the Snowflake Account_Usage.Metering_History view used for?

- A. Gathering the hourly credit usage for an account
- B. Compiling an account's average cloud services cost over the previous month
- C. Summarizing the throughput of Snowpipe costs for an account
- D. Calculating the funds left on an account's contract

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 219

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statements are true concerning Snowflake's underlying cloud infrastructure? (Select THREE),

- A. Snowflake data and services are deployed in a single availability zone within a cloud provider's region.
- B. Snowflake data and services are available in a single cloud provider and a single region, the use of multiple cloud providers is not supported.
- C. Snowflake can be deployed in a customer's private cloud using the customer's own compute and storage resources for Snowflake compute and storage

- D. Snowflake uses the core compute and storage services of each cloud provider for its own compute and storage
- E. All three layers of Snowflake's architecture (storage, compute, and cloud services) are deployed and managed entirely on a selected cloud platform
- F. Snowflake data and services are deployed in at least three availability zones within a cloud provider's region

Answer: DEF

NEW QUESTION 221

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which feature allows a user the ability to control the organization of data in a micro-partition?

- A. Range Partitioning
- B. Search Optimization Service
- C. Automatic Clustering
- D. Horizontal Partitioning

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 225

- (Exam Topic 3)

Where can a user find and review the failed logins of a specific user for the past 30 days?

- A. The USERS view in ACCOUNT_USAGE
- B. The LOGIN_HISTORY view in ACCOUNT_USAGE
- C. The ACCESS_HISTORY view in ACCOUNT_USAGE
- D. The SESSIONS view in ACCOUNT_USAGE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 230

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the MINIMUM edition of Snowflake that is required to use a SCIM security integration?

- A. Business Critical Edition
- B. Standard Edition
- C. Virtual Private Snowflake (VPS)
- D. Enterprise Edition

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 235

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which query profile statistics help determine if efficient pruning is occurring? (Choose two.)

- A. Bytes sent over network
- B. Percentage scanned from cache
- C. Partitions total
- D. Bytes spilled to local storage
- E. Partitions scanned

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 237

- (Exam Topic 3)

A data provider wants to share data with a consumer who does not have a Snowflake account. The provider creates a reader account for the consumer following these steps:

- * 1. Created a user called "CONSUMER"
- * 2. Created a database to hold the share and an extra-small warehouse to query the data
- * 3. Granted the role PUBLIC the following privileges: Usage on the warehouse, database, and schema, and SELECT on all the objects in the share

Based on this configuration what is true of the reader account?

- A. The reader account will automatically use the Standard edition of Snowflake.
- B. The reader account compute will be billed to the provider account.
- C. The reader account can clone data the provider has shared, but cannot re-share it.
- D. The reader account can create a copy of the shared data using CREATE TABLE AS...

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 239

- (Exam Topic 3)

Query parsing and compilation occurs in which architecture layer of the Snowflake Cloud Data Platform?

- A. Cloud services layer
- B. Compute layer
- C. Storage layer
- D. Cloud agnostic layer

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.projectpro.io/article/snowflake-architecture-what-does-snowflake-do/556>

NEW QUESTION 240

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the purpose of multi-cluster virtual warehouses?

- A. To create separate data warehouses to increase query optimization
- B. To allow users the ability to choose the type of compute nodes that make up a virtual warehouse cluster
- C. To eliminate or reduce Queuing of concurrent queries
- D. To allow the warehouse to resize automatically

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-multiclust.html#:~:text=Multi%2Dcluster%20warehous>

NEW QUESTION 242

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which stages are used with the Snowflake PUT command to upload files from a local file system? (Choose three.)

- A. Schema Stage
- B. User Stage
- C. Database Stage
- D. Table Stage
- E. External Named Stage
- F. Internal Named Stage

Answer: AEF

NEW QUESTION 247

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the following SQL command used for? `Select * from table(validate(t1, job_id => '_last'));`

- A. To validate external table files in table t1 across all sessions
- B. To validate task SQL statements against table t1 in the last 14 days
- C. To validate a file for errors before it gets executed using a COPY command
- D. To return errors from the last executed COPY command into table t1 in the current session

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 249

- (Exam Topic 3)

When publishing a Snowflake Data Marketplace listing into a remote region what should be taken into consideration? (Choose two.)

- A. There is no need to have a Snowflake account in the target region, a share will be created for each user.
- B. The listing is replicated into all selected regions automatically, the data is not.
- C. The user must have the ORGADMIN role available in at least one account to link accounts for replication.
- D. Shares attached to listings in remote regions can be viewed from any account in an organization.
- E. For a standard listing the user can wait until the first customer requests the data before replicating it to the target region.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 251

- (Exam Topic 3)

What actions will prevent leveraging of the ResultSet cache? (Choose two.)

- A. Removing a column from the query SELECT list
- B. Stopping the virtual warehouse that the query is running against
- C. Clustering of the data used by the query
- D. Executing the RESULTS_SCAN() table function
- E. Changing a column that is not in the cached query

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 256

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is cached during a query on a virtual warehouse?

- A. All columns in a micro-partition
- B. Any columns accessed during the query
- C. The columns in the result set of the query
- D. All rows accessed during the query

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 261

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which tasks are performed in the Snowflake Cloud Services layer? (Choose two.)

- A. Management of metadata
- B. Computing the data
- C. Maintaining Availability Zones
- D. Infrastructure security
- E. Parsing and optimizing queries

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 265

- (Exam Topic 3)

Network policies can be applied to which of the following Snowflake objects? (Choose two.)

- A. Roles
- B. Databases
- C. Warehouses
- D. Users
- E. Accounts

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 267

- (Exam Topic 3)

A Snowflake user executed a query and received the results. Another user executed the same query 4 hours later. The data had not changed. What will occur?

- A. No virtual warehouse will be used, data will be read from the result cache.
- B. No virtual warehouse will be used, data will be read from the local disk cache.
- C. The default virtual warehouse will be used to read all data.
- D. The virtual warehouse that is defined at the session level will be used to read all data.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 270

- (Exam Topic 3)

Assume there is a table consisting of five micro-partitions with values ranging from A to Z. Which diagram indicates a well-clustered table?

A. C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Data\Odt data\Untitled.jpg



B. C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Data\Odt data\Untitled.jpg



C. C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Data\Odt data\Untitled.jpg



D. C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Data\Odt data\Untitled.jpg



Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 271

- (Exam Topic 3)

When loading data into Snowflake, how should the data be organized?

- A. Into single files with 100-250 MB of compressed data per file
- B. Into single files with 1-100 MB of compressed data per file
- C. Into files of maximum size of 1 GB of compressed data per file
- D. Into files of maximum size of 4 GB of compressed data per file

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 272

- (Exam Topic 3)

What are common issues found by using the Query Profile? (Choose two.)

- A. Identifying queries that will likely run very slowly before executing them
- B. Locating queries that consume a high amount of credits
- C. Identifying logical issues with the queries
- D. Identifying inefficient micro-partition pruning
- E. Data spilling to a local or remote disk

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 277

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which Snowflake feature allows a user to substitute a randomly generated identifier for sensitive data, in order to prevent unauthorized users access to the data, before loading it into Snowflake?

- A. External Tokenization
- B. External Tables
- C. Materialized Views
- D. User-Defined Table Functions (UDTF)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 278

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which privilege must be granted to a share to allow secure views the ability to reference data in multiple databases?

- A. CREATE_SHARE on the account
- B. SHARE on databases and schemas
- C. SELECT on tables used by the secure view
- D. REFERENCE_USAGE on databases

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 281

- (Exam Topic 3)

Users are responsible for data storage costs until what occurs?

- A. Data expires from Time Travel
- B. Data expires from Fail-safe
- C. Data is deleted from a table
- D. Data is truncated from a table

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 282

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which services does the Snowflake Cloud Services layer manage? (Choose two.)

- A. Compute resources
- B. Query execution
- C. Authentication
- D. Data storage
- E. Metadata

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 287

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following significantly improves the performance of selective point lookup queries on a table?

- A. Clustering
- B. Materialized Views
- C. Zero-copy Cloning
- D. Search Optimization Service

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 290

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is true about sharing data in Snowflake? (Choose two.)

- A. The Data Consumer pays for data storage as well as for data computing.
- B. The shared data is copied into the Data Consumer account, so the Consumer can modify it without impacting the base data of the Provider.
- C. A Snowflake account can both provide and consume shared data.
- D. The Provider is charged for compute resources used by the Data Consumer to query the shared data.
- E. The Data Consumer pays only for compute resources to query the shared data.

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 293

- (Exam Topic 3)

How would a user execute a series of SQL statements using a task?

- A. Include the SQL statements in the body of the task `CREATE TASK mytask .. AS INSERT INTO target1 SELECT .. FROM stream_s1 WHERE .. INSERT INTO target2 SELECT .. FROM stream_s1 WHERE ..`
- B. A stored procedure can have only one DML statement per stored procedure invocation and therefore the user should sequence stored procedure calls in the task definition `CREATE TASK mytask AS call stored_proc1(); call stored_proc2();`
- C. Use a stored procedure executing multiple SQL statements and invoke the stored procedure from the task
- D. `CREATE TASK mytask AS call stored_proc_multiple_statements_inside();`
- E. Create a task for each SQL statement (e.
- F. resulting in task1, task2, etc.) and string the series of SQL statements by having a control task calling task1, task2, et
- G. sequentially.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 296

- (Exam Topic 3)

True or False: Snowpipe via REST API can only reference External Stages as source.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://community.snowflake.com/s/article/Making-Transient-table-by-Default>

NEW QUESTION 298

- (Exam Topic 3)

In the Snowflake access control model, which entity owns an object by default?

- A. The user who created the object
- B. The SYSADMIN role
- C. Ownership depends on the type of object
- D. The role used to create the object

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 300

- (Exam Topic 3)

What are advantages clones have over tables created with CREATE TABLE AS SELECT statement? (Choose two.)

- A. The clone always stays in sync with the original table.
- B. The clone has better query performance.
- C. The clone is created almost instantly.

- D. The clone will have time travel history from the original table.
- E. The clone saves space by not duplicating storage.

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 301

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following are best practices for loading data into Snowflake? (Choose three.)

- A. Aim to produce data files that are between 100 MB and 250 MB in size, compressed.
- B. Load data from files in a cloud storage service in a different region or cloud platform from the service or region containing the Snowflake account, to save on cost.
- C. Enclose fields that contain delimiter characters in single or double quotes.
- D. Split large files into a greater number of smaller files to distribute the load among the compute resources in an active warehouse.
- E. When planning which warehouse(s) to use for data loading, start with the largest warehouse possible.
- F. Partition the staged data into large folders with random paths, allowing Snowflake to determine the bestway to load each file.

Answer: BCE

NEW QUESTION 305

- (Exam Topic 3)

When loading data into Snowflake via Snowpipe what is the compressed file size recommendation?

- A. 10-50 MB
- B. 100-250 MB
- C. 300-500 MB
- D. 1000-1500 MB

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 309

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the maximum total Continuous Data Protection (CDP) charges incurred for a temporary table?

- A. 30 days
- B. 7 days
- C. 48 hours
- D. 24 hours

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 310

- (Exam Topic 3)

A table needs to be loaded. The input data is in JSON format and is a concatenation of multiple JSON documents. The file size is 3 GB. A warehouse size small is being used. The following COPY INTO command was executed:

```
COPY INTO SAMPLE FROM @~/SAMPLE.JSON (TYPE=JSON)
```

The load failed with this error:

Max LOB size (16777216) exceeded, actual size of parsed column is 17894470. How can this issue be resolved?

- A. Compress the file and load the compressed file.
- B. Split the file into multiple files in the recommended size range (100 MB - 250 MB).
- C. Use a larger-sized warehouse.
- D. Set STRIP_OUTER_ARRAY=TRUE in the COPY INTO command.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 313

- (Exam Topic 3)

How does Snowflake Fail-safe protect data in a permanent table?

- A. Fail-safe makes data available up to 1 day, recoverable by user operations.
- B. Fail-safe makes data available for 7 days, recoverable by user operations.
- C. Fail-safe makes data available for 7 days, recoverable only by Snowflake Support.
- D. Fail-safe makes data available up to 1 day, recoverable only by Snowflake Support.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 315

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which commands should be used to grant the privilege allowing a role to select data from all current tables and any tables that will be created later in a schema? (Choose two.)

- A. grant USAGE on all tables in schema DB1.SCHEMA to role MYROLE;
- B. grant USAGE on future tables in schema DB1.SCHEMA to role MYROLE;
- C. grant SELECT on all tables in schema DB1.SCHEMA to role MYROLE;
- D. grant SELECT on future tables in schema DB1.SCHEMA to role MYROLE;

- E. grant SELECT on all tables in database DB1 to role MYROLE;
- F. grant SELECT on future tables in database DB1 to role MYROLE;

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 317

- (Exam Topic 3)

What impacts the credit consumption of maintaining a materialized view? (Choose two.)

- A. Whether or not it is also a secure view
- B. How often the underlying base table is queried
- C. How often the base table changes
- D. Whether the materialized view has a cluster key defined
- E. How often the materialized view is queried

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 318

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which snowflake objects will incur both storage and cloud compute charges? (Select TWO)

- A. Materialized view
- B. Sequence
- C. Secure view
- D. Transient table
- E. Clustered table

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 322

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following statements apply to Snowflake in terms of security? (Choose two.)

- A. Snowflake leverages a Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) model.
- B. Snowflake requires a user to configure an IAM user to connect to the database.
- C. All data in Snowflake is encrypted.
- D. Snowflake can run within a user's own Virtual Private Cloud (VPC).
- E. All data in Snowflake is compressed.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 326

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which Snowflake tool would be BEST to troubleshoot network connectivity?

- A. SnowCLI
- B. SnowUI
- C. SnowSQL
- D. SnowCD

Answer: D

Explanation:

[https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/snowcd.html#:~:text=SnowCD%20\(i.e.%20Snowflake%20Connectivi](https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/snowcd.html#:~:text=SnowCD%20(i.e.%20Snowflake%20Connectivi)

NEW QUESTION 329

- (Exam Topic 3)

When cloning a database containing stored procedures and regular views, that have fully qualified table references, which of the following will occur?

- A. The cloned views and the stored procedures will reference the cloned tables in the cloned database.
- B. An error will occur, as views with qualified references cannot be cloned.
- C. An error will occur, as stored objects cannot be cloned.
- D. The stored procedures and views will refer to tables in the source database.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 331

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following statements describe features of Snowflake data caching? (Choose two.)

- A. When a virtual warehouse is suspended, the data cache is saved on the remote storage layer.
- B. When the data cache is full, the least-recently used data will be cleared to make room.
- C. A user can only access their own queries from the query result cache.
- D. A user must set USE_METADATA_CACHE to TRUE to use the metadata cache in queries.
- E. The RESULT_SCAN table function can access and filter the contents of the query result cache.

Answer:

BD

NEW QUESTION 336

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following describes a Snowflake stored procedure?

- A. They can be created as secure and hide the underlying metadata from the user.
- B. They can only access tables from a single database.
- C. They can contain only a single SQL statement.
- D. They can be created to run with a caller's rights or an owner's rights.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/stored-procedures-overview.html>

NEW QUESTION 339

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